





New Advertisements.  
Agricultural Implements—J. Walton & Co.  
Public Notice—H. W. Collins.  
Townspeople Notice—J. W. Collins.  
Farm to let—J. W. Collins.  
Coal—Dr. Edmond.  
Kilney Mills—Jacob Walton.  
Village lot for sale—Jacob Walton.  
Overhill—Jacob Walton.  
Docks and Sheds—W. Carrollee.

The New Era.  
Newmarket, Friday, April 18th, 1856.

General Summary.

Farmer are now preparing for Spring operations, and in order to save labor we direct their attention to Messrs. J. Walton & Co's advertisement in this day's issue.

The Riparian Almanac, published by W. L. Mackenzie, Esq., M. P. P., has been received. It contains upwards of 90 pages of printed matter, embracing subjects of great interest to every well-wisher to Upper Canada. Price 6 cents. These Almanacs will shortly be for sale at the New Era Book Store.

We direct attention to the Spring advertisements of our Newmarket Merchants. If you want to purchase cheap goods and get articles worth the price you pay, go to the stores advertised in the columns of the Era. The goods in other establishments may be as valuable, but we cannot say so from personal knowledge.

Another new Tariff of charges has been issued by the Northern Railroad Co. Great things have been expected from the new Superintendent; but to all appearance he has failed, thus far, in coming up to these expectations. A comparative statement of the charges on Lumber, is as follows: Prior to the 21st of February, 1856, \$19.55 was the net charges on two car loads; from the 21st of Feb. to the 14th of April, it was \$26.35, and from the 14th of April \$30 have been charged. The effect of this continued rise will be to lessen the local traffic very materially. So far as the people of Newmarket are concerned, perhaps there is not so much reason to complain, as they are enabled to purchase at so much lower rates, but it operates very materially against our Millers and Lumber Merchants, by disabling them from competing with others more favorably located, to supply the Toronto Market. We commend the above facts to the consideration of the committee appointed to investigate into the affairs of the Company, by the Legislature.

Retirement of Hon. J. Ross.  
The agony is over—the fiat has gone forth—the Coalition combinations are crumbling in pieces, and the claims of justice for the honor of our country is about being established, by hurling from power the hybrid government of railway speculators, land-jobbers and office-seeking partisans who have too long been sustained at the helm of affairs in this Colony. Hon. John Ross has resigned his seat in the Cabinet; and this step of that Hon. Gentleman will no doubt be followed by other members of the Administration. We stated prior to the downfall of the Hinks-Morin Government, that a Coalition Ministry could not sustain itself in this country; and from the time of its formation to the present, not a stone has been left unturned, that would in the remotest way, tend to strengthen their position. But every effort has proven abortive. Places have been provided for some of the men who first joined in the alliance, and new elements have been introduced, with the view to infuse fresh vigor and life, and to sustain themselves before the country; but even this has failed, and the discordant elements, so long smothered, of which the Cabinet is composed, are becoming daily more apparent. Hon. Mr. Ross up to the present time, appears to be the only man not totally lost to the political honor and the claims of responsible government, and has therefore, come out from amongst them. We are not by any means, an admirer of the votes and proceedings of the Hon. gentleman referred to; but we are willing to accord him credit for good intentions, unless some new revelations furnish sufficient testimony to substantiate sinister motives. The retiring of Mr. Ross may lead to explanations highly satisfactory to the country, and should it tend to the thorough renovation and cleansing of the Augean Stables, the reformation of Upper Canada will rejoice. Every day furnishes additional proofs of the incompetency of McNab-Spence & Co. to rule the destinies of this Province. Without confiding in themselves—their supporters, or each other, they go on, committing blunder after blunder, while the country suffers, both in credit and circumstances, through their incompetency.

Public Accounts.

The following synopsis of the public accounts we clip from the Globe. The fact, that in the item of custom duties alone, should cost \$3 out of every \$4 to collect them, furnishes sufficient proof that something in the management of the Department must be wrong—this three-fourths is independent of the pickings by way of fees in making an entry at the custom House. But here is the synopsis:—

RECEIPTS.	
Cash on hand, (commencement of year)	\$1,279,584 4 10
Customs	891,774 10 3
Excise	19,246 10 1
Lands	135,347 5 1
Bank Tax	22,459 9 10
Public Works	100,208 12 1
Fines and Forfeitures	5,807 6 6
Interest, &c.	55,980 11 2
U. C. Law Fee Fund	6,717 9 5
	\$2,497,125 19 9
EXPENDITURES.	
Interest on Public Debt	\$219,470 0 0
Civil Government	65,021 0 0
Administration of Justice	109,353 0 0
Provincial Penitentiary	15,000 0 0
Legislation	96,697 0 0
Education	106,738 0 0
Agriculture	17,600 0 0
Hospitals and other Charities	39,317 0 0
Geological Survey	1,574 0 0
Militia and Enrolled Force	23,050 0 0
Lighthouses and Coast Service	32,811 0 0
Emigration	2,166 0 0
Pensions	11,413 0 0
Public Institutions	9,901 0 0
Ocean & River Steam Service	42,647 0 0
Police	5,514 0 0
Miscellaneous Printing	5,447 0 0
Public Works and Buildings	68,479 0 0
Indian Annuities	9,855 0 0
Seneca	1,838 0 0
Sinking Fund	85,151 0 0
Signification of Tenure	6,850 0 0
Miscellaneous	19,950 0 0
Expenses of Collection:—	
Customs	\$67,951 19 0
Public Works	\$3,956 3 0
Excise	2,435 13 4
Territorial	49,017 4 8
Fines and Forfeitures	3,022 17 8
Casual	12,034 18 7
	\$188,481 0 0
Cash on hand end of year	1,302,245 6 0
	\$2,497,125 19 9

The New Tariff.

We clip the following paragraphs from the Old Countryman and commend them to the careful consideration of every reader interested in the policy of our model government:—

We are quite unable to see the necessity for any addition to the Customs Duties, as long as an enormous revenue could be derived upon articles absolutely injurious, alcoholic beverages and tobacco. About £200,000 are wanted for a sudden emergency connected with the Grand Trunk of Canada, and we have millions upon millions of wild lands, worse than useless, the sale at five shillings sterling per acre, paid down would produce a large revenue, from a class of sellers such as we have never had before. This need might be withheld until certain settlement duties were performed. Next, we have hundreds of thousands of lands in the hands of land sharks, waiting until they can get more than 1,000 per cent profit, which produce little. Lastly, there are as many thousands of acres, whose owners have not been heard of for many years. Why not sell these and apply the monies to the same purpose, inviting the representatives of the mining and unknown parties to prove their claims within a certain time. At present such lands are sold from time to time to pay taxes, and it is notorious that certain lawless landowners have agents watching these sales and purchasing the land at very inadequate prices.

He Couldn't Help It.

Our contemporary, of the *Sentinel*, whose effusions, about the proceedings of the Central Reform Vigilance Committee, we briefly noticed last week, demands our sympathy. He has just published a diatribe, one which excites his curiosity and consequently throws him in a state of painful trepidation. A fact has forced itself upon his notice, which threatens the destruction of his darling idea; the idea that with him wisdom will disappear from the earth. Himself the mouthpiece—the automaton, of a complete whole—building, his duty requires him to perform, he has suddenly become aware of the existence of another Committee—of one, that acts without consulting him, and speaks without his aid. Two weeks, the ponderous fact, weighed upon his mind and disturbed his feelings.

Of the who, the what and the wherefore, of his tutors and sponsors, the *Sentinel* Committee, he had a full knowledge. His articles of apprenticeship to the craft Editorial, attested their identity; his periodical instructions proved their vitality; and the reasoning of his lucubrations left no doubt of their authority. But of this other Committee he is in doubt. Not that he doubts its existence—not he. Contrary to the opinion of his imp, to whose opinion he pays great respect, he affirms his faith in the reality of the Central Reform Vigilance Committee. His doubts are of a graver character. He would know something more than that such a committee existed. He would know its origin, its constitution—its objects—its influence. Of these he would enquire; but his instructions, aforesaid, given in due form by his Committee—the *Sentinel* Committee, we mean—forbade any such thing without permission. What must be done? There would be no meeting of the *Sentinel* Committee in time. One week had already passed; and his curiosity—could not longer be restrained. He must write. He did write without the requisite permission. He couldn't help it.

Now won't somebody have compassion on him and relieve his mind? It is really too bad. Well, we counsel him to call a meeting of his advisers—the *Sentinel* Committee, we mean—and lay the matter before them.

Whitechurch Township Council.

The above Council met, pursuant to notice, on Saturday last, the 19th inst. All the members present—the Reeve in the Chair. The Council was occupied until noon as a Court of Revision—several appeals, mostly on personal property, were made and adjusted.

The business of the Court being over, the first thing that engaged the Council was the adoption of a By-Law to amend the printed By-Law No. 72, sect. 5. It now makes the overseers of Highways liable to a fine of from \$5 to \$5, for neglecting to make returns to the Township Clerk, as prescribed in their instructions.

A Petition was presented from Mrs. McKindly, of Bogartown, praying for a remission of part of the License money paid to obtain a License to keep a House of Public Entertainment.

On motion of Mr. Brown, seconded by Mr. March the sum of £3 was ordered to be refunded.

A petition from Mr. Minthorn and others was presented, praying for the opening of the road on the leading from Gaybutt Hill, Newmarket, past the residence of Eli Gorman, Esq., to the 2nd Concession.

The Reeve informed the petitioner that it was impossible for the Council to do anything until notice of the application had been posted for one month and the Township Surveyor had run the line.

Petitions were presented from various localities, praying for grants on the public highways; but the Council ordered them to be left for consideration at its next meeting.

A by-law was introduced and adopted, repealing a former By-Law in reference to the compensation of Statute Labor, in the Township with the exception of Newmarket and Stouffville.

After making an alteration or two in the road divisions, the Council adjourned—to meet at Stouffville, on the call of the Reeve.

The Legislature.

We had the pleasure on Tuesday evening of listening to the assembled wisdom of Canada. The business of the House seemed to pass along with very little interruption, until about eleven o'clock p. m., when Mr. Inspector General Cayley made Ministerial explanations, regarding the retirement of Mr. Ross from the Cabinet. He was followed by Mr. Young, of Montreal, who showed in a clear and masterly manner that the commercial policy of the Government, was jeopardizing the interests of the country. Mr. Galt of Sherbrooke, was the next to address the House, and during the delivery of his speech he showed up the double dealing of the Inspector General in regard to the Grand Trunk Railroad. Mr. Cayley rose to reply; but not having arguments of a reasoning or philosophical character to offer, he said he believed the ministerial supporters in the House, would not allow the Government to be taunted in that manner. Mr. Holton rose to reply: Then commenced a scene which defies description. The Lower Canada Jackalls of the Government were all on end. Some stamped the floor, others rattled their inkstands, while a dozen

Frenchmen shouted out "order."

Mr. Holton, however, still retained the floor; and the opposition members sitting with him were determined not to be bullied down. Then the Government tried another dodge by moving that the committee rise; but it was of no use, they were compelled to give way. This is the sort of Parliament we have in the fourteenth year of responsible Government. In reference to the same evening's proceedings, the *Leader* has the following:

"The bulges of the Ministry, presuming upon the triumphs of last evening, prevented the sober members from questioning the propriety of ministerial explanations in Committee. Every species of rudeness, vulgarity, and insult was employed to bolster up the Government's case; and the Inspector General having been asked to explain the defect in his policy, was reduced to the necessity of waiting the time of Parliament in contravention of the articles of the *Leader*'s By-Law."

To Subscribers in Arrears.

One of the most disagreeable duties a publisher of a country newspaper has to perform, is the dunning of his Subscribers in arrears. This year we have gone to the extra expense of appointing a larger paper, and we cannot meet our engagements unless our supporters pay some time within reason. Now friends, we want money, and must have money. If each subscriber now in arrears would forward us one or two dollars each, by mail, the amount will be placed to their credit, and would give us about \$1,000 to spend in making the *Era* just such a paper as we should like to see it, and much more interesting and instructive to our readers. Let those who have not paid in advance for this year, transmit us five shillings, and next year \$2 and they shall have the benefit of our advance terms. Our friends in King and Whitechurch will have a favorable opportunity of settling their little accounts next Saturday and Monday at the Spring Shows of these two Townships. The amount is but a trifle to each; but to us it would make a "muckle."

Personalities.

The *Sentinel* for this week has appeared in which, the editor charges us with being personal in our allusions. He must recollect that we are only paying him back in his own coin. The manner in which he dragged our name into his article last week, was to throw odium upon us, by endeavoring to make it appear that we in particular, and the Reform Committee, were subservient to the will of Mr. Hartman. Had it not been for these personal allusions, he should have treated the article in question with the silent contempt we have usually done on former occasions. But the *Sentinel*'s editor has crowed so long, he thinks himself "Cock of the roost;" and it becomes necessary therefore, he should be set down a peg.

Foreign and Colonial.

House of Assembly.

Abridged from the Toronto Daily Papers.

Wednesday, April 16, 1856.

In the House last night, Mr. Galt moved that the motions in reference to the Seat of Government, take precedence of all other motions.

The Speaker ruled the motion out of order. It was necessary for the protection of the Ministry that notices of motions be taken up in their order.

After some further discussion, it was unanimously determined to take up the Seat of Government question, and

Mr. Drummond moved a resolution declaring that no other cities than either Toronto, Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, and Hamilton, be fixed as a permanent site; and that if either of them failed to get a majority of votes when first proposed, it shall be competent to move them again.

A Message was received from the Government Council with the public accounts for 1856.

Also one declaring that the Government had determined to discontinue the alternate system of Parliament.

Mr. Drummond, in support of his resolutions, said he hoped the House would be able to agree upon some locality. If unable to agree, he would be prepared to submit the matter to Her Majesty for her royal arbitrament.

Mr. Patrick moved as an amendment, that the city of Ottawa be fixed as the permanent seat of Government.

Mr. Cauchon thought the friendship between the Ottawa and Montreal people was very remarkable. He thought Mr. Drummond's motion would defeat the object sought to be attained.

Mr. Crawford moved that Kingston be the Seat of Government, in amendment to the last amendment.

Mr. Rankin regretted that the Government had not taken up the question. He moved as an amendment to Mr. Crawford's, that Toronto be the Seat of Government.

Mr. Sol. General Ross advocated the claims of Quebec.

After some remarks from Mr. Mackenzie, the last amendment, that "Quebec" be substituted for "Hamilton," was put and carried:—

YEAS..... 69  
NAYS..... 47  
The question was next put shall "Quebec" be substituted for "Kingston":—

YEAS..... 67  
NAYS..... 54  
Shall "Quebec" be substituted for "Montreal":—

YEAS..... 63  
NAYS..... 55  
The question shall "Quebec" be substituted for "Ottawa":—

YEAS..... 77  
NAYS..... 43  
Mr. Powell moved as an amendment that the Seat of Government be fixed in Upper Canada.

Messrs. Murray and Merritt said the motion should be withdrawn as it was calculated to create sectional feeling.

The amendment being put, was lost:—

YEAS..... 53  
NAYS..... 67  
The first amendment, shall "Quebec" be the permanent Seat of Government, was then put, and resulted in—

YEAS..... 61  
NAYS..... 59  
Mr. Brown moved the previous question. Mr. Dorion moved the adjournment of the debate, and the fixing of it as the first Order of the Day to-morrow.

YEAS..... 42  
NAYS..... 48  
The previous question was then put and carried.

The main question was then put—Shall Quebec be the permanent Seat of Government?—

YEAS..... 63  
NAYS..... 56  
The House then adjourned.

SERIOUS CHARGE AGAINST A CLERGYMAN.

Mr. Darce has given notice that he will to-day enquire of Ministers whether it is the intention of the government to demand from the Rev. P. M. Mignault, Cure of Chambly, repayment of the sum of two hundred and fifty pounds currency, paid to and received by that gentleman on account of the grant voted in 1855, in aid to the academy for girls at Chambly, which academy has never existed. We have no doubt that Mr. Darce's statement of facts is perfectly correct, and it is a very extraordinary one. How careless must be the system of allotting public money to schools in Lower Canada, when this grant was made to an academy not in existence! What a condition of things is it that a clergyman should accept money in such a way?—

This is done with all the checks which parliament can supply, in addition to the government, but what will be the result when Parliament is set aside altogether, and the whole affair is managed by the Ministry of the day, as Mr. Cartier proposes?—*Globe*.

induced as an amendment, that Hamilton be the permanent seat.

Mr. Bowes gave reasons why Toronto was the most eligible site for the permanent Seat of Government. He was in favour of allowing the matter to be decided by the Imperial Government.

Mr. Pouliot complained of the insignificance of members upon this subject. Quebec, in his opinion, possessed greater claims than any other city to the honor of being the capital of Canada.

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A French officer of rank also embarked on a special mission to the Sultan from the Emperor of the French.

Admiral Symonds died on his passage from Marseilles.

Berlin, Tuesday.

The announcement of the conclusion of peace in the Russian Chamber yesterday was received with enthusiasm. The Emperor, in his opinion, possessed greater claims than any other city to the honor of being the capital of Canada.

The British Admiral Lighthill, who has been raised by Baron Sutherland, to meet the exigencies of the war, will be sent to the Cape of Good Hope, now that peace is concluded, and the officers and men will receive grants of land for their military services. The strength of the force will muster about April 16th, when the route will be delivered to the troops.

The Bank of France has reduced its rates of discount from 5 to 6 per cent.

The Minister of Education the following day, the 18th inst., issued the following declaration:—This morning the French, English, and Sardinian Armies and fleets of 101 guns each, in honor of the birth of the Prince Imperial. During the day, the Commanders-in-Chief of the English and Sardinian arms came officially to offer me their congratulations.

There have been illuminations in the camps, and the Russians illuminated their line on the Inkerman.

New York, April 18.  
The *Courier & Enquirer* contains the following letter to a mercantile house in this city from a reliable correspondent in Costa Rica:—Last evening a notice arrived of the first victory gained over Walker's people. They say 400 filibusterers had taken possession of the Hacienda of Santa Rosa, a very advantageous position, situated on the top of a hill and surrounded by stone walls. The force of Costa Rica, numbering 500, fired once only, and then rushed on with bayonets and cleared them out in 14 minutes, and were in possession of the Rancho. Several letters have arrived from the army despatches. All agreeing with the circumstances—that beyond a probable exaggeration of the number of the Yankees, there is no doubt of the victory. It took place at four o'clock in the evening, and they were to be pursued early next morning by mounted troops; and it is said they are between the Costa Rica army and a country where there is not a drop of water, so that they are in a bad way, unless they can reform and cut their way through. One of the prisoners says, a party who came overland from San Juan del Sur, fell in with a party whom they murdered, and it was said to be Santa Rosa. The prisoners were condemned on account of the aforesaid murder.

An Englishman-of-war caught to arrive to-day at Punta Arenas, as she was seen outside by the *St. Oregon*, and a French one has sailed from Panama in the same direction.

Arrival of the Africa.

New York, April 19th.  
The "Africa" reached her dock about half-past five o'clock, with Liverpool dates to the 5th instant.

The "Africa" brings about 100 passengers. The news is generally unimportant. The Peace Conference continued its sittings at Paris, considering its minor details. Peace had been proclaimed at St. Petersburg, and was favorable received.

The conference was not expected to get through its labors for a month or more. The U. S. Mediterranean Squadron was about to cruise on the coast of Spain. The Conference had one or two informal meetings to settle up details.

The following, from Lloyd's list, may or may not have reference to the "Pacific":—  
Eckman, March 24th.—The "Skipper" arrived here on coming off the Newfoundland coast fell in with ice to the distance of 200 miles, and was the light of a steamer in the ice. The above vessel was sent off St. John's, Newfoundland, 13th February.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Brokers Circular reports market current at an advance of 1/4 of a penny. Breadstuffs generally, a heavy market. Market quiet. Western Canal flour 36s. 3/4; Ohio 35s. 3/8; white, yellow and mixed corn steady. LIVERPOOL MARKET active in wool demand at £8 2s. 6d. and £8 5s. per bag. Money market unchanged. Consols closed at 93 3/4. Provisions generally quiet and unchanged.

By Magnetic Telegraph.

PEACE.

Berlin, April 22.—The French, English, Sardinian, and Turkish diplomatic agents visited the Russian ambassador on Saturday. A grand fête will be given at the Russian Embassy, on the occasion of the conclusion of peace. All the diplomatic corps have been invited.

VISIT OF THE RUSSIAN EMPEROR TO FRANCE.

It is stated in a letter from Cronstadt, published in the *Moniteur de la Flotte*, that a squadron of Russian war steamers has been ordered to be prepared for sea by the middle of May, and the idea is that the Emperor and one of his brothers is intending to visit France, as by his suggestion have been received to arrange pilots and France.

AMERICA AND SPAIN.

Genoa, April 3.—A squadron of American ships of war is ordered to cruise on the coast of Spain.

FRANCE.

The Spanish Government has conferred the order of the Golden Fleece on the Imperial Prince of France.

It is believed in Paris that a month will be taken up by the plenipotentiaries in the settlement of different minor points.

ITALY.

Accounts from Italy represent the Duchies of Parma, Modena, and Tuscany, as being in an alarming state of fermentation.

AUSTRIA ITALY.

A letter from Pavia, in the *Opinione* of Turin, says that fifteen students at Pavia had been arrested for displaying the French, British, and Sardinian flags in one of the most frequented squares of the town. There was a similar manifestation at Mantua some days ago, but the authors had not been discovered.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen, April 3.—The Supreme Council have adopted, and read a first time, the proposal of the Holstein deputies for submitting the general Constitution to a special assembly of the Diet.

The *Globe* says—"We hear that, in all probability, Mr. Christian, Q. C., will succeed Mr. Fitzgerald as Solicitor-General for Ireland."

Sir George Brown—War Department, Pall Mall, April 4th.—General Order.—Horse Guards, April 3.—The F. M. Commanding-in-Chief has much gratification in publishing to the army the commands of the Queen for the promotion of Lieut. Gen. Sir George Brown, U. C. B. to the rank of General; the commission to bear date 7th December last, for his distinguished services with the 4th Cavalry, Crimea, and while Commanding the troops

employed in successful operations against Kerchi. By command of the Right Hon. F. M. Viscount Hardinge.

Arrival of the Arago.

New York, April 23, 1856.  
The "Arago" arrived this a. m., bringing 1300 passengers, among them 11 Hon. French Senators, 11 Hon. French Deputies, 1 Minister from Holland to the U. S. States. The "Arago" had moderate weather, came across the bank and saw no ice. The two English steamers that went in search of the Pacific had returned to Galway after nine days fruitless cruise.

The proceedings in the Peace Congress continued. It is said Austria give trouble by persistently refusing to fix a time for exchanging the plenipotentiaries.

Austria's protest is the necessity for protecting the country against disorder and for regularity in the establishment of the plenipotentiaries bound to give the Ottoman plenipotentiaries the conclusion of peace.

Russia is strongly adverse to the Austrian proposition. Large news, however, states that the Austrian troops are leaving the principality.

The French army is to be reduced from 6 to 400,000 troops. It is believed Russia will send an Ambassador to Turin as soon as ratifications are exchanged.

Advice from St. Petersburg state, that the prohibition of the export of Russian produce, has been repealed.

The Grand vizier issued a message, stating that the 100,000 British maintained by Russia in the Black Sea of Azoff, are not to be reinstated.

Many grain-laden vessels lying at Odessa, have received orders to proceed to Marseilles.

A considerable fall had taken place in the markets. It is reported in Berlin that the English Cabinet had decided to reject the project of the Capitalization of the sound dues offered by Denmark, but would make propositions herself.

Despatches from Paris state, that the Allies have sent orders raise all blockades which have kept Russian vessels in natural ports.

The French Government declines contemplating sending an expedition to Madagascar, but advises from Toulon to the contrary.

The Russian Ministry of Finance issued a notice on 5th of April, that in consequence of the treaty being signed, the Merchant vessels of the Western Powers would be admitted to Russian ports.

Le Nord states that the exchange of ratifications had been effected on the 29th.

Arrival of the "Arabia".

HALIFAX, April 23.  
The Royal Mail steamship *Arabia*, Captain Stone, arrived here this a. m. en route for Boston. She left Liverpool on the afternoon of Saturday the 12th inst.

Her arrival is consequently 3 days later than those received by the *Arago* at New York.

The steamship *Persia*, Captain Jenkins, from New York on the 2nd inst., had arrived at Liverpool, making the passage in just ten days.

Nothing of the least importance, had transpired since the departure of the *Arago*.

The Peace conference continues its session, and the affairs of Italy were under consideration at the



 **New Goods. Cheap Goods.** 

THE subscriber has much pleasure in informing his friends and the public generally, that he has purchased the Establishment so long and favorably conducted by **R. H. SMITH, Esq.** and is now opening out a Large and choice assortment of

**New Goods of this spring's Importations,**  
Of the Latest Styles, adapted to the season and the wants of the community: Among which, will be found a good selection of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Cloths, Cashmeres, Doe Shirts, &c.

**Boots, Shoes and Gaiters,**  
Of American Manufacture, for Ladies, Misses, Men and Boys; all made up of an inspection. Children's Fancy and Durable **HATS, STRAW BONNETS and RIBBONS**, of the latest Parisian, English and American Fashions, in great variety.

**American Tools** of the celebrated **Rochester Make,**  
Also **SHEARS** of the different Brands, **Knives, Rods, Plates, Hoops, Bands and Swedes IRON.**

TEAS, GROCERIES AND CROCKERY,  
To which particular attention is invited. Paper Hangings and Willow-Ware, in endless variety  
**Ready-Made Clothing.**  
Made under his own personal inspection, by experienced workmen, in the most fashionable *STYLE*,  
on the shortest notice, and Warped to suit.  
 Millinery Show-Room will be Opened for the Season,   
on Friday, the 25th instant.  
When it will be found complete with all that is new and desirable in Silk, Satin, Crapes, Tulle, Straw  
and Fancy Bonnets, Dress Caps, Head Dresses, Sides, &c. &c. Millinery made to order, in the best  
manner and shortest notice.  
M. W. B. invites an inspection of his stock of Goods, and hopes by strict attention to business to  
merit and receive a share of patronage, with which his predecessor was so liberally favored.

Newmarket, April 17, 1856.

M. W. ROGART.

17-11

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THOMAS BROWN & CO.,

INTIMATES that they have on hand a large, varied and complete STOCK of

Family Groceries, Wines and Spirits

And would call especial attention to the following articles, all of which are in fine condition:  
 PORTS—Graham's, Hunt's, Kingston's, 6s 3d, 7s 6d, 10s, 12s 6d, 16s and 20s per gal.  
 SHERRIES—Gordon's, and others, 5s 3d, 7s 6d, 10s and 16s per gallon.  
 BRANDIES—Martell's Planat's, Hennessy's, &c., 19s to 24s 6d per gallon.  
 HOLLANDS—Dukuyper's, and others, 5s, 7s 6d, and 10s per gallon.  
 JAMAICA ROM—7s 6d to 10s per gallon.  
 CHAMPAGNE—from \$13 to \$20 per Basket.  
 "OLD TOM"—Booth & Co's London Gin, very fine, 16s per gallon.  
 SCOTCH WHISKY—Islay and Lochnagar, warranted genuine, 10s per gallon.  
 DUBLIN AND LONDON PORTER—15s and 16s 6d per dozen.  
 BASS & CO'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE—16s 6d per dozen.  
 HUBBERT'S                                   do                                   — pints, 10s per dozen.

**OUR TEAS AND COFFEES**  
 Are rich in flavor and excellence. Our Finest Leaf Sugar at 8d.; Ground and  
 Crushed, 7d.; Refined Sugar, 6d.; and Brown at 5d.

We have received a Fresh supply of "The Prairie Blossom"—a celebrated  
 brand of Honey Dew Tobacco, manufactured from the best Virginia Leaf.

THOMAS BROWN & CO.,  
47, Yonge Street, 3 Doors North of King Street,  
TORONTO.

16.5317



**FARM SEEDS, GARDEN SEEDS.**

THE Subscriber has imported this Season, from one of the most respectable establishments in England, a very large assortment of seeds suited to the wants of the Farmer and Gardener.

All warranted **PURE** to their kinds  
Country Store-keepers supplied upon the most liberal terms.

Farmers and I others will do well examine before purchasing elsewhere.

**ALEXR. HAMILTON.**  
Hay Market, Toronto, April 10, 1856.

**Boston Belting Co.**



**Provincial Insurance Company,**  
OF TORONTO, C. W.

**Subscribed Capital, £100,920**  
Paid up Capital, £90,000.

S. H. HOWARD, Esq., Hon. J. H. CAMPBELL, M.P.P.,  
President. Vice-President.

**DIRECTORS:**

J. HAYES, Esq., M.D. W. L. PERCIE, Esq.  
Chas. J. O'Meara, Esq. Hon. J. H. CAMPBELL, M.P.P.  
George Duggan, Esq. F. W. CUMBERLAND, Esq.  
S. H. HOWARD, Esq. Geo. CRAWFORD, Esq., M.P.P.  
G. HAWES, Esq., M.P.P. E. C. JAMES, Esq.  
D. MULLIGAN, Esq.  
D. MULLIGAN, Esq.  
Messrs. EDWARD and THOMAS DAVENPORT, Esq.  
John Spafford, Esq. James R. Boyd, Esq.,  
Secretary. Asst. Secy.

E. H. WHITTEMORE, Esq., Inspector of Agencies.

**SOLE RUBBER BELTING, all sizes, 2 to 12 inches &**  
Hose and Packing, and every other article manu-  
factured by the Boston Belting Company.

For Sale by R. LEWIS & SON.

Toronto, Nov. 30, 1853. 11-11

**BELTING! BELTING!!**  
SUPERIOR leather belting, from 1 to 12 inches.  
Face Leather, Rivets, Patches, &c., at

R. LEWIS & SON, 41 Yonge Street.

Toronto, Nov. 19, 1853. 11-11

**Muley Mill and Circular Saws**

**PRINTS and Rowland's Mill Saws.**  
Do do Muley, 7 by 12 to 7 1/2 by 14.  
Do do Circular Saws, 4 inch to 60.  
Do do Gang Saws.

For Sale by R. LEWIS & SON.

**BANKERS:**  
 Toronto—City Bank of Montreal;  
 New York—Messrs. Duncan, Sherman, & Co.  
 FIRE Insurance business generally, as well as  
 Marine, transacted by this company at its va-  
 rious Agencies, as well as at the Head Office.  
*Head Office—Toronto Street, Toronto.*  
**G. L. STEVENSON,**  
*Agent at Aurora.*  
**CHAS. SIBBALD,**  
*Agent of Newmarket.*

**FOR SALE.**  
 That valuable property in Newmarket, known as  
**TEMPERANCE HOTEL,**  
 situated on Eagle Street in the pleasant part of  
 the Town and offers rare chance as a Situation for  
 a Mechanic or a respectable family residence. The  
 portion which will be disposed of contains a full  
 and complete stock of tools, with a complete

Toronto, Nov. 30, 1855.

**To Mechanics and Others.**  
**CARPENTERS** Tools of best quality. Spars,  
 and Jacks Saws, Chisels, Gouges, &c. &c.  
 Superior Bench and Moulding Hammers, Bevel and  
 Bench Axes, Adzes, and other Tools, Blacksmiths  
 Goods of all sorts, also a large stock of  
 Scotch Refined and Sweden Bar Iron,  
 Steel, Files, &c. Horse Nails,  
 Bellows, Anvils, Vices, Drags,  
 Warmer Springs, Com. Patent and Half Patent  
 Axes,  
 For sale at the lowest prices, by  
**R. LEWIS & SON.**  
 Sign of the Padlock.  
 Toronto, Oct. 16th, 1855.

**Wholesale Hardware.**



own, containing 19 rooms, besides cellar and wood shed, a large Driving House, Stable, and Shed. A large garden with a well-spring of never failing water. A reasonable time will be given if required, by payment, by paying time down. If not previously sold, the above property will be rented and possession given on the first of May next.

H. H. WILLSON.  
Newmarket, Feb. 14, 1856. tf-52.

**Enoch D. Rogers,**  
Builder, Carpenter, Joiner, &c., &c.,  
RESPECTFULLY announces to the public, that he is now prepared to contract for the  
**ERECTION OF BUILDINGS,**  
Of all descriptions, on the shortest notice,—  
and furnish material if required.  
SHOP—Main Street, Newmarket.  
Newmarket, Dec. 7, 1855. tf-41

**ROBERT BRODIE,**  
**BUILDER, &C.,**  
In returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed during the past few years, respectfully intimates that he is now prepared to contract for the  
**ERECTION OF BUILDINGS,**  
and when required, find all Materials. Shop on Water street.  
Newmarket, Oct. 9th, 1855. tf-36

**THE** Subscribers have now in Stock a most complete, and well assorted supply of  
**Shelf and Heavy Hardware,**  
Will worthy the attention of their Customers and Country Merchants generally. Prices and terms most moderately.  
**R. LEWIS & SON,**  
41 King, Corner Toronto Street,  
Toronto No. 30 1855.



**NEW**  
**FAIR & WINTER GOODS**

**THE** Subscriber begs to inform the inhabitants of East Guilfimbury, and the public generally, that he has commenced business at,  
**SHARON,**  
In the store lately occupied by Mr. W. LOCKHART where he has on hand a large and well selected stock of  
**Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, Clothing, Bonnets, &c.**  
India Rubbers, Boots and Shoes, of all descriptions. All of which he has spared no pains in selecting, and has purchased them from the *Cheapest Market*—and marked them at such prices as cannot fail to give general satisfaction.  
**CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.**  
**JOHN W. EDMOND.**  
Sharon, Nov. 1st, 1855. tf-39



## Amusement.

Supercious.—Charles—"Clara, did poor little Carlo have a pink ribbon round his neck when you lost him?"

Clara—"Yes, yes, the poor little dear, have you seen him?"

Charles—"No, not exactly; but here's a piece of pink ribbon in the sausage."

"Somebody says that a young lady should always ask the four following questions before accepting the hand of any young man:—

"Is he honorable?"

"Is he kind of heart?"

"Can he support me comfortably?"

"Does he take a paper—and pay for it in advance?"

"How many genders are there?" asked a school-master. "Three, sir," promptly replied little blue eyes—"Masculine, feminine, neuter." "Pray give me an example of each," said the master. "Why you are masculine, because you are man and I am feminine, because I am a girl." "Very well—proceed," said the master. "I don't know," said the little girl, "but I reckon Mr. Jenkins is neuter, as he is an old bachelor!"

We remember being in a conference meeting once, in Yankee land, when one of the deacons came around, asking the people if they wanted salvation.

Near us sat a butcher's boy, of nineteen years old, about as amenable to salvation as a lamb in his hands would be to mercy.

"Do you want salvation?" said the deacon, looking into his brutal face.

No darn yer—I want Sal Skinner, and I'll see him when I take her out till meetin' o'er.

A SPOON OR A STAIRCASE.—An Englishman taking his breakfast, a few mornings ago, at one of the Paris restaurants, asked the waiter to give him an escalier. The fellow started, hardly knowing whether the man was crazy or not. At this juncture a fellow countryman, perceiving what he wanted, and commiserating his misfortune, told the waiter to bring him a spoon. "I am much obliged to you," rejoined the other, "I can talk French without your assistance." "Doubtless you can," was the reply, "but you were just now asking for a staircase when you wanted a spoon."

## ADVERTISEMENTS.

## FISH! FISH! FISH!

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the public that having made arrangements with parties in Collingwood he will be prepared to supply fresh Fish throughout the season, to those who may require the same.

THOMAS NIXON.

ESTATE OF THE LATE Robert Kirkpatrick.

THE Undersigned, duly appointed by law, to administer the Estate of her late husband, request all parties indebted to the said Estate to make payment without delay, and all parties having claims, to send in the same for settlement.

(Signed) MARY KIRKPATRICK, Administratrix.

Newmarket, March 24, 1885.

THE Stock in Trade selling off at a price cost.

NEW STORE!

GOODS FOR THE SEASON.

E. HUGHES, NEW MARKET.

THANKS his Friends and the Public for their liberal support the past year and hopes by continuing his endeavours to merit and receive a continuation of their patronage.

The very best stock and Newest Style of goods have been selected, believing that a good article is always the Cheapest. He respectfully solicits inspection of his stock of

DRY GOODS

Of Every variety, Fur, Boots and Shoes, Fruit and Groceries, China, Glass, Crockery, Nails and other Hardware, Putty, Paints, Oils and Turpentine.

N. B.—He has for sale the Briggs Cremator, Dr. Chandler's Fluid Wig and Azura Turkish Balm—For the hair.

E. HUGHES.

Newmarket, Nov. 1st, 1885.

Furniture Wareroom.

JOHN BENZ, SHARON.

HAS constantly on hand, a large assortment of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

consisting of Black Walnut and Mahogany Sideboards, Bureaus, Sofas, Tables, Chairs, and all other articles usually wanted in his line of business. Patent Bedsteads, common and fancy Mattresses, and Picture Frames, always on hand.

Coffins furnished on Short Notice.

Sharon, Jan. 15th, 1886.

FOR SALE,

SEVERAL Building Lots in Newmarket, also Lots with buildings already erected thereon.

Apply to

E. JACKSON.

Newmarket, Feb. 28, 1885.

Mrs. & Misses Burn,

BERLIN WOOL,

AND FANCY ESTABLISHMENT,

Wholesale and Retail.

Next Door to the Railroad Hotel,

MAIN STREET, NEWMARKET.

BEG to acquaint the Ladies of Newmarket and the public generally to the surrounding country, that they have opened a NEW STORE, where in which will be found every article, both

USEFUL AND ORNAMENTAL.

They will an early inspection being to numerous to describe, such as Berlin Wool, Patterns, Dry Goods, Millinery, Perfumery, Stationery, Also a very large assortment of Children's Dresses, Hosiery, Shoes, Mitts, &c., &c.

EMBROIDERY, BRAIDING & PINKING, in every Style done to order.

Mrs. & Misses B. having conducted the same Business successfully for many years in Toronto, trust by their united efforts to give general Satisfaction and merit a share of public patronage.

N. B.—Lessons given in every description of fancy work.

Newmarket, Nov. 1st, 1885.

Just Received,

A T the New Era Book Store a splendid assortment of Gold and Coraline RINGS, for sale cheap. Also, Ladies' Ear-Rings, in great variety.

Newmarket, Feb. 22, 1886.

## H. CHANTLER &amp; CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

British and American Drugs,

CHEMICALS, Patent Medicines, Perfumery

Paints, Oils, Colors, Varnish, Dye-Stuffs, &c

Physicians' Prescriptions carefully prepared

LESLEY'S OLD STAND, KING-ST.

Toronto, June 13th, 1855.

SIMPSON & DUNSPAUGH,

No. 35, King Street East, Toronto,

Importers, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Drugs Medicines Chemicals,

PAINTS, Oils, Dye-Stuffs, Colors, Varnishes,

Brushes, Spirits Turpentine,

PATENT DRYER, ZINC PAINTS,

Artists' Materials, Essences, Patent Medicines,

Fancy Goods, Perfumery, &c.

Toronto, Oct. 11, 1855.

WESTERN ASSURANCE COMPANY,

Chartered by act of Parliament,

Capital 100,000.

Home Office Toronto,

President, I. C. GILMAN,

Vice President, THOS. HAWORTH.

DIRECTORS,

GEORGE MITCHELL, W. HENDERSON,

JAMES BEATTY, RICK LEVY,

WALTER MACFARLANE, T. P. ROBERTS,

M. P. HAYK, ANGUS MORRISON, Solicitor,

ROBT. STANTON, Sec'y. & Treas'r.

The Subscriber has been duly appointed Agent in Newmarket, for the above Company, and will give personal attention to parties desirous of effecting insurance &c.

THOMAS NIXON.

Newmarket, Feb. 17, 1854.

A Building Lot for Sale

IN THE

TOWN OF NEWMARKET,

LOT No. 10 on the east side of Prospect Street

and corner of Gormham Street, nearly opposite

Mill Street, beautifully situated for a business place.

Apply to

GEORGE EAKIN,

Markham, Oct. 4th, 1855.

SADDLERY, HARNESS,

WHIPS, &c.,

OF every description; together with every

article in the Trade, manufactured and for

Sale by

WILLIAM WALLIS,

Main Street, Newmarket.

LEATHER!! LEATHER!! LEATHER!!!

ALL kinds of LEATHER and Shoe-maker's

Findings, for Sale by

WILLIAM WALLIS,

Main Street, Newmarket.

BOOTS & SHOES,

OF Superior Workmanship and Material,

manufactured and for Sale by

WILLIAM WALLIS,

Main Street, Newmarket.

CASH FOR HIDES AND SKINS.

Newmarket, February 6, 1854.

PENITENTIARY

BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

Wholesale and Retail.

Prices much Reduced.

THE subscriber has just opened, and offers at

Wholesale and Retail, at the

New Store on Yonge Street,

A few doors above King Street, Toronto, a large

stock of BOOTS AND SHOES, consisting in part

of Men's Calf, Kip, and Goats' Boots; Boys' and

Youths' Boots and Shoes; also, Ladies' Gaiters,

Buskins and Slippers, and Children's Wear of all

kinds, which he will sell at

VERY LOW PRICES.

This Work is from the Manufactory of the Provincial

Penitentiary at Kingston, C. W., and for durability

and quality, cannot be surpassed by any in

Canada.

India Rubbers in Great Variety.

JAS. B. CARRUTH.

Toronto, Sept. 18, 1855.

NEW STORE!

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS AND

MILLINERY,

At No. 84, Yonge Street, four doors North of

Adelaide Street.

THE Subscriber feels grateful for the liberal patronage

he has received from his numerous friends, and

begs to intimate to the Citizens of Toronto, and the

surrounding country, that he is now opening

out a large and choice selection of Staple and

Fancy

Dry Goods and Millinery,

Embracing every article in the trade. These goods

have been selected by himself, expressly for this

market, and he therefore can confidently recom-

mend them to his customers.

Orders via the Northern Railroad, from the country

punctually attended to.

Great Bargains will be given. Call and examine

before purchasing elsewhere.

A. H. EARL,

84, Yonge Street.

Toronto, Oct. 1st, 1855.

Fall Importations, 1855.

J. JACKSON,

No. 3, King Street West, Toronto,

HAVING completed his Fall Stock of China,

Glass and Earthen Ware, is prepared to fur-

nish Country Merchants and others, with every

article in the Trade. J. J.'s stores will be found to

consist of

China, Glassware, Granite, Stonecar-

pet, Spotted O. C. and Yellow Ware, which he

will sell

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

As cheap as any house in the Trade. Assorted

Crates kept constantly on hand.

Toronto, Sept. 1855.

HODGE & SON

WOULD most respectfully inform the inhabi-

tants of Newmarket and the surrounding

country, that they have commenced business in

the above line, and are now prepared to execute

all orders entrusted to their care, with neatness,

accuracy and despatch.

TERMS: LIBERAL.

HODGE & SON,

Newmarket, July 19, 1855.

1733

## AURORA ADVERTISEMENTS

NOTICE.

THE subscribers beg to inform the public in gen-

eral that their Machinery is now in full opera-

tion.

Planing, Tonguing, Grooving, Sawing

Working Mouldings, Morticing, &c. The whole

Machinery is portable, and driven by steam power,

can be removed without difficulty to any place re-

quired.

J. RANKIN & Co.

Would intimate to parties intending to build, that

they will always be ready to contract for the erec-

tion of buildings, and, being prepared to do it ex-

ceptionally, solicit a share of public patronage.

Poors, Sash, Window-blinds,

Panel, Mouldings, &c., &c., made to order. All

work warranted, as done by first-class workmen.

Shop on Yonge Street, South side of Aurora

Falls.

J. RANKIN & Co., Builders.

Aurora, Feb. 20, 1855.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber begs to inform the inhabitants of

Aurora, and surrounding Country,

That having purchased the premises lately occupied

by Mr. RICHARD GILBEY, intends carrying on

the business, and will keep constantly on hand a

general assortment of

Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.,

consisting in part, of Cloths, Batiste, Cassimeres,

Tweeds, Coburgs, Delaines, Gals Plaids, Lustres,

Fancy Dress Stuffs, Flannels, Gingham, Fancy Re-

gatta and striped Shirting.

Ready Made Clothing,

Boots, Shoes, &c. A choice assortment of Family

GROCERIES, TEAS, COFFEES,

SUGARS, RICE, &c.,

Fig Leaf, Honey Dew and other Tobaccos, Window

Glass, Putty, Nails, &c., and all articles usually kept

in the trade.

And having purchased his Goods under very ad-

vantageous circumstances, for Cash, feels confident

of being able to give satisfaction with regard to pri-

ces and hopes by strict attention to business and an

earnest desire to meet the wishes of his customers,

to merit a share of public patronage.

BENJAMIN PEARSON.

Aurora, Oct. 26th, 1855.

William Taylor,

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,

GRAINER, Glazier, and Paper Hanger. Shop

on Yonge Street, adjoining W. Mosley's office.

Aurora, 27th June, 1855.

WALTER B. GEIKIE M. D.,

LICENTIATE OF THE

MEDICAL BOARD OF CANADA WEST,

AURORA, (MACHELL'S CORNERS.)

Aurora, May 1st, 1855.

W. MOSLEY,

CONVEYANCER AND LAND AGENT,

Commissioner in the Queen's Bench,

Office on Yonge Street.

Aurora, 25th May, 1855.

CASH FOR WHEAT!

THE Subscriber will pay the highest price for any

Quantity of WHEAT delivered at the Aurora

Station, and will procure bags.

W. MOSLEY,

Land Agent, Conveyancer, &c.

Aurora, Sept. 27th, 1855.